Automotive Noise Mining and Classification

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Project Overview

Detecting and identifying brake noises from a vehicle is crucial at all stages of its lifetime, from the earliest stages of development to years after a customer purchased it. Disturbing noises are responsible for 360k warranty cases for BMW Group (2018), and concerns 14% of the manpower with a high level of expertise.

BUSINESS ANALYTICS

Developing methods for automatic identification that enable faster and more accurate diagnostic would lead to high savings in manpower, increased customer satisfaction and less warranty cases.

Key methods used: Convolutional Neural Network, Recurrent Neural Network, Object detection, Sound Similarity





Human Expertise VS Automated Classification



Sound Similarity Analysis Conducted for Unlabeled Data

- BMW Group is building a noise database (potentially unlabeled) containing different car noises and the associated repair
- Successful identification of noises similar to each other would enable engineers to quickly refer to repairs conducted before



3	Identify Closest
	Neighbor

Class	Accuracy
Lift-groan	100%
Creep-groan	100%
Squeal	81.5%
Disc-crackle	91.7%
Horn-groan	60%
Overall	88%

Test Vehicles



- Identify issues during development
- Decrease warranty cases on long term
- Collect more data and reduce the number of tests / number of vehicles needed during development



Vehicles

Optimize the vehicle service intervals with predictive maintenance Raise customer driving experience



- Provide the **right** solution rapidly
- Increase **customer** satisfaction and reduce warranty costs